

# Chapter 4 Numerical Differentiation and Integration

## Instability of Numerical Differentiation by Finite Approximation

Approximating  $f'(x_0)$  :

1. Forward difference

$$f'(x_0) = \frac{f(x_0 + h) - f(x_0)}{h} - \frac{h}{2} f''(\xi).$$

2. Central difference ( 3 points )

$$f'(x_0) = \frac{f(x_0 + h) - f(x_0 - h)}{2h} - \frac{h^2}{6} f'''(\xi).$$

3. Central difference ( 5 points )

$$f'(x_0) = \frac{f(x_0 - 2h) - 8f(x_0 - h) + 8f(x_0 + h) - f(x_0 + 2h)}{12h} + \frac{h^4}{30} f^{(5)}(\xi).$$

Approximating  $f''(x_0)$  :

1. Central difference ( 3 points )

$$f''(x_0) = \frac{f(x_0 + h) - 2f(x_0) + f(x_0 - h)}{h^2} - \frac{h^2}{12} f^{(4)}(\xi).$$

2. Central difference ( 5 points )

$$f''(x_0) = \frac{-f(x_0 + 2h) + 16f(x_0 + h) - 30f(x_0) + 16f(x_0 - h) - f(x_0 - 2h)}{12h^2} + \frac{h^4}{90} f^{(6)}(\xi).$$

All numerical differentiation methods by finite difference approximation are unstable due to the growth of roundoff error as  $h \rightarrow 0$ .

References:

- 【1】 R. L. Burden and J. D. Faires, *Numerical Analysis*, PWS, Boston, 1993.